SELF-DISCREPANCY MEASUREMENT

There are two ways to measure self-discrepancy.

(1) Using the Regulatory Focus Strength Measure:

To calculate actual-ideal discrepancy, subtract the actual-self extent rating from the idealself extent rating for each "ideal" attribute the participant listed. Then sum all the difference scores for each listed "ideal" attribute.

Use the same procedure to calculate actual-ought discrepancy. Subtract the actual-self extent rating from each ought-self extent rating for each "ought" attribute. Then sum all the difference scores for each listed "ought" attribute.

Reference

Higgins, E. T., Shah, J., & Friedman, R. (1997). Emotional responses to goal attainment: Strength of regulatory focus as moderator. *Journal of Personality and Social Psychology*, *72*, 515-525.

(2) Using the Selves Questionnaire:

Participants are asked to list up to 10 traits or attributes associated with actual, ideal, and ought self-concepts.

Instructions:

In the following questionnaire, you will be asked to list the attributes of the type of person you think you *actually*, *ideally*, and *ought* to be:

Actual self: Your beliefs concerning the attributes you think you *actually* possess.

Ideal self: Your beliefs concerning the attributes you would like *ideally* to possess; your ultimate goals for yourself.

Ought self: Your beliefs concerning the attributes you believe you *should* or *ought* to possess; your normative rules or prescriptions for yourself.

Each page of the questionnaire focuses on a different domain (i.e., actual, ideal, and ought self-concepts are written about on three different pages).

Calculating Self-Discrepancy:

(a) Compare the attributes listed for the actual self-concept with those listed for the ideal self-concept. Determine which attributes *match* (appear on the lists for both actual self-concept and ideal self-concept), and which attributes *mismatch* (i.e., an attribute on one self-concept list is the opposite or an antonym of an attribute on

another self-concept list). Synonyms and antonyms are operationally defined in terms of Roget's Thesaurus. Repeat the process for the actual self-concept list and the ought self-concept list.

(b) Calculate the self-discrepancy score by subtracting the total number of actualideal matches from the total number of actual-ideal mismatches. The same calculation is used for the actual-ought self-discrepancy score.

Reference

Higgins, E. T., Klein, R., & Strauman, T. (1985). Self-concept discrepancy theory: A psychological model for distinguishing among different aspects of depression and anxiety. *Social Cognition*, *3*, 51-76.